Dinnington First School

Relationship Education Policy



Approved by: Caroline Cogdon (Chair of Governors) Date: September 2020

Caroline Ash (Head Teacher

(Following Consultation with Parents

and Governing Body)

Last reviewed on: September 2020

Next review due by: September 2021

Relationship Education is compulsory for all pupils (in England) receiving primary education. September 2020 all schools will be required to deliver 'Relationships Education and Health Education'.

From

Definition of Relationship Education:

Relationships Education is the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships and relationships with other peers and adults.

Gov Uk stated that 'Relationships Education will start with family and friends, how to treat each other with kindness, and recognising the difference between online and offline friendships. The subjects are designed to help children from all backgrounds build positive and safe relationships and to thrive in modern Britain'.

Teaching in all schools should reflect the law (Equality Act 2010). This applies to relationships, so that young people clearly understand what the law allows and the implications that occur from making certain decisions.

Intent

At Dinnington First School we consider Relationships Education (RE) as an integral part of Personal, Social and Health Education (PSHE) as well as having links with the Science curriculum. We offer pupils a carefully planned programme on relationships, growing and changing, safety and family life within a safe, comfortable atmosphere. The curriculum we deliver is accessible to all children and will ensure that all children will learn more and remember more. The curriculum is tailored to the schools vision and values and enables children to be Resilient, Open to new experiences, have Community

Spirt, show Kindness and be Successful. The programme of work is set within a moral framework and matched to the pupils' level of maturity. Dinnington First School will support all children to be happy, healthy and safe and equip them for adult life.

The overall aim of RE is to foster a positive notion of lifelong learning about physical, moral and emotional development, including how to look after physical and mental health. It aims to support the development of self-respect and empathy for others and promotes the development of skills and understanding necessary to manage conflict peacefully and learn how to recognise and avoid exploitation and abuse. We will ensure that children have the knowledge to make informed decisions about their well-being, health and relationships.

Implementation

At Dinnington First School Relationship Education will be taught through the clear and comprehensive PSHE scheme of work which is in line with the National Curriculum and PSHE Association (Appendix 1). High quality age appropriate teaching of these subjects will enable children to prepare for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life.

The PSHE and Relationship Education scheme takes a thematic approach covering all three core themes during the school year from Year 1 - Year 4.

- 1. Autumn Term Relationships
- 2. Spring Term Living in the Wider World
- 3. Summer Term Health and Wellbeing

Each theme is broken down into three topics per term.

Autumn term

- 1. Families and friendships
- 2. Safe relationships
- 3. Respecting ourselves and others.

Spring term

1. Belonging to a community.

- 2. Media literacy and digital resilience.
- 3. Money and work.

Summer term

- 1. Physical health and Mental Health.
- 2. Growing and changing.
- 3. Keeping safe.

This enables each year group to work on similar themes at the same time, building a spiral programme every year. The objectives for each year group are mapped out on the long term plan to ensure progression (Appendix 1).

Key Knowledge from the PSHE and Relationship Education curriculum compliments the Science curriculum in KS1 and KS2.

Year Group	Term	Key Knowledge
Early Years	Throughout the year	Understanding the World Learning about ourselves and the similarities and differences between peers. Looking at our families and learning that not all families look the same. Growth and change over time. Lifecycles. PSED Circle times .Discussing our emotions. What do they feel like? Why do we feel them? How do we react to them appropriately? Learning that we need to respect others and should be respected in return.
Year 1	Summer 2	Identify, name and draw the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.

Year 2	Summer 2	Describe the importance for humans of exercising, eating the right amounts of different types of food and hygiene
Year 3 Autumn 1		Identify that animals including humans, need the right types of nutrition and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat.
Year 4	Summer 2	Identify the different types of teeth in humans & simple functions

The aims of relationships education (RE) at our school is to:

- * Provide a safe framework in which sensitive discussions can take place.
- * Prepare pupils for changes, and the importance of health and hygiene.
- * Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, respect for others, confidence and empathy.
- * Create a positive culture around relationships and ensure the children understand what a healthy relationship looks like.
- * Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies.
- * Ensure the children understand consent and boundaries in relation to themselves and others.
- * Ensure the children understand the importance of respecting difference (different partnerships, gender and LGBT).
- * To know how and where to seek help if they need it.

Language

Children will be introduced, at appropriate stages, to the correct terminology in their programme of relationship education. It is important that acceptable and unacceptable terminology is clarified. After initial discussion, correct biological terms will be used at all times for teaching.

Pupils' Questions

Teachers will reply to, and answer, children's questions sensitively and openly. They will ensure that balanced information is provided which will take into account the different faiths' views and avoid any negative impressions. Questions which

teachers feel uncertain about answering should be discussed with a senior member of staff and answered at a later date. If the teacher decides to discuss the matter on an individual basis, a record must be kept of that discussion.

Roles and responsibilities

The governing body and will approve the RE policy, and hold the head teacher to account for its implementation. The head teacher, Mrs Ash and Mrs Aydeniz the PSHE Lead are responsible for ensuring that RE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests from parents.

Teaching staff/class teachers are responsible for:

- * Delivering RE in a sensitive way.
- * Modelling positive attitudes to RE.
- * Monitoring progress.
- *Responding to the needs of individual pupils.

Staff who have concerns about teaching RE are encouraged to discuss this with the head teacher. Staff responsible for teaching RE include all teachers. The subject lead, Mrs Aydeniz, will be responsible for ensuring the whole-school curriculum is compliant with the National Curriculum and that all teachers have the long term plan. Pupils are expected to engage fully in RE and when discussing issues related to RE, treat others with respect and sensitivity. Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

High quality resources will support our RE provision and be regularly reviewed, these include Quality Approved PSHE

websites, the Lucinda and Godfrey texts and the No outsiders books. Lessons will be differentiated by year group to ensure relevance and accessibility. All children, regardless of gender and ability will have access to all the information. When planning RE lessons, teachers should assume that at least one pupil has direct knowledge of the subject being discussed and should plan their language use, resources and activities appropriately. The teaching staff will follow a non-judgemental approach: we will challenge the opinion, not the person and make no assumptions about people's values, attitudes, behaviours, identity, life experiences or feelings. If children need further help or advice they will know to ask staff in school. Teachers must be cautious about expressing their own views, bearing in mind they are in an influential position and must work within the school's values, policies and the law. Pupils will be able to raise questions anonymously by using the specific PSHE 'My Questions and Thoughts' box in each classroom.

Teachers are aware that effective RE brings an understanding of what is and what is not appropriate in a relationships and can lead to a disclosure of a child protection issue. Teachers will consult with the designated safeguarding lead and in their absence their deputy or another member of the safeguarding organisation. Any disclosure must be treated in the normal way in accordance with the school's safeguarding policy.

Parents and carers do not have the right to withdraw their pupils from Health and Relationship Education.

Impact

Work will be assessed in line with the assessment policy. Children will demonstrate and apply the British Values of Democracy, Tolerance and Mutual respect. They will be assessed against age related expectations. Children will become healthy and responsible members of society preparing for life and work in modern Britain.

At the start of each topic children will carry out a baseline activity which could be in the form of a quiz, sorting activity etc. This will enable the teacher to assess the children's prior knowledge and inform their planning on where to begin. At the end of the topic the children will carry out the initial activity/quiz again to show progression or if a certain aspect needs to be re-addressed.

Floor books will be used to help children learn more and remember more. This will include Key knowledge, work/photographs and an explanation of the task. The children can then use this book throughout the year to recap and remember what they have learned. It will also enable teachers to assess children's knowledge and understanding throughout the year to see if they can recall information using the floor book.

The delivery of Relationship Education is monitored by Mrs Aydeniz (PSHE/RSE lead) through:

- * Termly planning and work/floor book scrutinies.
- * Pupil voice, speaking to children about what they have learned.
- * Monitoring of government and local authority advice for best practise of teaching RE.
- * Pupils' development in RE is also monitored by class teachers.

Appendix 1

Nursery

PSED Long Term Plan

Autumn (22-36 & 30-50 months)			Spring (30-50 months)			Summer (30-50 & 40-60 months)		
Making Relationships	Self Confidence & Awareness	Managing feelings & behaviours	Making Relationships	Self Confidence & Awareness	Managing feelings & behaviours	Making Relationships	Self Confidence & Awareness	Managing feelings & behaviours

Interested in others' play	Separates from main carer	Seeks comfort from	Initiates play,	Can select and use	Responds to the	Can play in a group,	Shows confidence in	Can inhibit own
and starting to join in	with support and	familiar adults when	offering cues to peers	activities and	feelings and wishes of	extending and	asking adults for help.	actions/behaviours
(Kindness)	encouragement from a familiar adult (Resilient &	needed.	to join them. (Kindness)	resources with help	others.	elaborating play		
Seeks out others to share experiences (Kindness) Shows affection and concern for people who are special to them May form a special friendship with another child (Kindness) May form a special	Open to new experiences) Expresses own preferences and interests. Can select and use activities and resources with help Is more outgoing towards unfamiliar people and more confident in new social situations.	Can express their own feelings such as sad, happy, cross, worried. Responds to the feelings and wishes of others. Aware that some actions can hurt or harm others. Tries to help or give comfort when others are distressed (Community	Demonstrates friendly behaviour, initiating conversations and forming good relationships with peers and familiar adults. (Kindness) Can play in a group, extending and elaborating play	Is more outgoing towards unfamiliar people and more confident in new social situations. (Resilience) Shows confidence in asking adults for help.	Aware that some actions can hurt or harm others. Can inhibit own actions/behaviours Can usually adapt behaviour to different situations. (Resilience)	a role-play activity with other children. (Kindness & Open to experiences)	Welcomes and values praise for what they have done (Success) Enjoys responsibility of carrying out small tasks (Success) Confident to talk to other children when	Begins to accept the needs of others and can take turns and share resources (Kindness) Can usually tolerate delay when needs are not immediately met, and understands wishes may not always be met.
friendship with another child. (Kindness) Initiates play, offering cues to peers to join them. (Kindness)	(Resilient & Open to new experiences) Shows confidence in asking adults for help.	Spirit) Shows understanding and cooperates with some boundaries and routines. (Resilient)	ideas, e.g. building up a role-play activity with other children. (Kindness & Open to experiences) Keeps play going by responding to what others are saying or	Welcomes and values praise for what they have done. Enjoys responsibility of carrying out small tasks (Success)	Begins to accept the needs of others and can take turns and share resources, sometimes with support from others.		playing, and will communicate freely about own home and community.	Aware of own feelings and knows that some actions and words can hurt others' feelings. (Community spirit) Aware of the boundaries
Demonstrates friendly behaviour, initiating conversations and forming good relationships with peers and familiar adults. (Kindness)		actions/behaviours, e.g. stop themselves from doing something they shouldn't do. Growing ability to distract self when upset, e.g. by engaging in a new play activity (Resilience &Success)	doing (Kind)		Can usually tolerate delay when needs are not immediately met, and understands wishes may not always be met.			set, and of behavioural expectations in the setting.

Reception

PSED Long Term Plan

Autumn (30-50 & 40-50 months)			Spring (40-60 months & Goal)			Summer (40-60 months & Goal)		
Making Relationships	Self Confidence &	Managing feelings &	Making	Self Confidence &	Managing feelings	Making	Self Confidence &	Managing feelings &
	Awareness	behaviours	Relationships	Awareness	& behaviours	Relationships	Awareness	behaviours

Initiates conversations, attends to and takes account of what others say. Takes steps to resolve conflicts with other conflicts with other children. COMMUNITY Explains own knowledge and understanding, and ask appropriate questions of others. OMMUNITY Others about own needs, wants, interests and opinions. OCMMUNITY Children play co- operatively, taking turns with others KINDNESS KINDNESS COMMUNITY Children play co- operatively, taking turns with others KINDNESS COMMUNITY Children are confident to try new and follow the rules COMMUNITY Children are confident to try new and follow the rules COMMUNITY Children are confident to try new and follow the rules COMMUNITY Children are confident to try new and follow the rules COMMUNITY Children are confident to try new and follow the rules COMMUNITY Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES To say when they do and do nt need help. RESILIENCE RESILIENCE Children are confident to try new activities OPEN TO NEW EXPERIENCES To say when they do and do nt need help. RESILIENCE Children are confident t	conversations, attends to and takes account of what others say. COMMUNITY Community Ineeds, wants, interests and opinions. Community Community Ineeds, wants, interests and follow the rules Community Community Ineeds, wants, interests and opinions. Children play co- operatively, taking turns with others Community Ineeds, wants, interests and follow the rules Community Community Ineeds, wants, interests and follow the rules Community Community Ineeds, wants, interests and follow the rules Community Commun
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Autumn Term: Relationships			Spring Term: Living in the wider world			Summer Term: Health and Well Being		
Families and	Safe relationships	Respecting ourselves	Belonging to a	Media literacy	Money and work	Physical health and	Growing and	Keeping safe
friendships		and others	community	and digital		Mental wellbeing	changing	

				resilience				
Roles of different	Recognising privacy;	How behaviour	What rules are;	Using the	Strengths and	Keeping healthy;	Recognising what	How rules and age
people; families;	staying safe; seeking	affects others; being	caring for others'	internet and	interests; jobs in	food and exercise,	makes them unique	restrictions help us;
feeling cared for	permission	polite and respectful	needs; looking after	digital devices;	the community	hygiene routines;	and special.	keeping safe online
			the environment	communicating		sun safety		
				online		,		
R1. About the roles	R10. That bodies and	R21. About what is	L1. About what	L7. About how the	L14. That	H1. About what	H11. About	H28. About rules and
different people (e.g.	feelings can be hurt by	kind and unkind	rules are, why they	internet and	everyone has	keeping healthy	different feelings	age restrictions that
acquaintances, friends	words and actions;	behaviour, and how	are needed, and	digital devices can	different	means, different	that humans can	keep us safe.
and relatives) play in	that people can say	this can affect others.	why different rules	be used safely to	strengths.	ways to keep	experience.	
our lives.	hurtful things online.	(Kindness)	are needed for	find things out	(Resilience)	healthy.		H34. Basic rules to
(Community spirit)	(Kindness)		different situations.	and to		(Success)	H12. How to	keep safe online,
		R22. About how to		communicate	L16. Different jobs		recognise and name	including what is
R2. To identify the	R13. To recognise that	treat themselves and	L2. How people and	with others.	that people they	H2. About foods	different feelings.	meant by personal
people who love and	some things are	others with respect;	other living things	(Success &	know or people	that support good	(Resilience)	information and what
care for them and	private and the	how to be polite and	have different	Kindness)	who work in the	health and the risks	1142 11 (1'	should be kept
what they do to help	importance of	courteous	needs; about the	10 Abandabanda	community do.	of eating too much	H13. How feelings	private; the
them feel cared for.	respecting privacy; that parts of their	(Kindness)	responsibilities of caring for them.	L8. About the role of the internet in	(Community)	sugar.	can affect people's bodies and how	importance of telling a trusted adult if they
R3. About different	body covered by		(Community)	everyday life.	L17. About some	H3. About how	they behave.	come across
types of families	underwear are		(Community)	everyuay iiie.	of the strengths	physical activity	they behave.	something that scares
including those that	private.				and interests	helps us to stay	H14. How to	them.
may be different to	private.		L3. About things		someone might	healthy; and ways	recognise what	(Success & Resilience)
their own	R15. How to respond		they can do to help		need to do	to be physically	others might be	(Guideas di Hasimania)
(Community spirit)	safely to adults they		look after their		different jobs.	active every day.	feeling.	
	don't know.		environment.		,	, ,	(Kindness)	
R4. To identify			(Community)			H4. About why sleep		
common features of	R16. About how to					is important and	H15. To recognise	
family life.	respond if physical					different ways to	that not everyone	
	contact makes them					rest and relax.	feels the same at	
R5. That it is	feel uncomfortable or						the same time, or	
important to tell	unsafe.					H5. Simple hygiene	feels the same	
someone (such as						routines that can	about the same	
their teacher) if	R17. About knowing					stop germs from	things.	
something about their	there are situations					spreading.		
family makes them	when they should ask					110 11+- 1	H21. To recognise	
unhappy or worried. (Resilience)	for permission and also when their					H8. How to keep safe in the sun and	what makes them special.	
(Nesillelice)	permission should be					protect skin from	special.	
	sought.					sun damage.	H22. To recognise	
	(Resilience)					Jan damage.	the ways in which	
	(H9. About different	we are all unique.	
						ways to learn and	(Community spirit)	
						play; recognising	' ' ' '	

			the importance of	H23. To identify	
			knowing when to	what they are good	
			take a break from	at, what they like	
			time online or TV.	and dislike.	
				(Success)	
			H10. About the		
			people who help us	H24. How to	
			to stay physically	manage when	
			healthy.	finding things	
			(Community spirit)	difficult.	

Autumn Term: Relationships			Spring Term	: Living in the w	ider world	Summer Term: Health and Well Being		
Families and	Safe relationships	Respecting ourselves	Belonging to a	Media literacy	Money and work	Physical health and	Growing and	Keeping safe
friendships		and others	community	and digital		Mental wellbeing	changing	
				resilience				

Making friends; feeling lonely and getting help	Managing secrets; resisting pressure and getting help; recognising hurtful behaviour	Recognising things in common and differences; playing and working cooperatively; sharing opinions	Belonging to a group; roles and responsibilities; being the same and different in the community	The internet in everyday life; online content and information	What money is; needs and wants; looking after money	Why sleep is important; medicines and keeping healthy; keeping teeth healthy; managing feelings and asking for help	Growing older; naming body parts; moving class or year	Safety in different environments; risk and safety at home; emergencies
R6. About how people make friends and what makes a good friendship. (Kindness) R7. About how to recognise when they or someone else feels lonely and what to do. (Resilience) R8. Simple strategies to resolve arguments between friends positively. (Resilience) R9. How to ask for help if a friendship is making them feel unhappy. R24. How to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively. (Community spirit)	R11. About how people may feel if they experience hurtful behaviour or bullying. R12. That hurtful behaviour (offline and online) including teasing, name-calling, bullying and deliberately excluding others is not acceptable; how to report bullying; the importance of telling a trusted adult. (Kindness) R14. That sometimes people may behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not. R18. About the importance of not keeping adults' secrets (only happy surprises that others will find out about eventually).	R23. To recognise the ways in which they are the same and different to others. (Community spirit) R24. How to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively R25. How to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them. (Success)	L2. How people and other living things have different needs; about the responsibilities of caring for them. (Community spirit & Resilience) L4. About the different groups they belong to. L5. About the different roles and responsibilities people have in their community. (Community spirit) L6. To recognise the ways that they are the same as, and different to, other people. (Success)	L8. About the role of the internet in everyday life. L9. That not all information seen online is true. (Resilience & Success)	L10. What money is; forms that money comes in; that money comes from different sources. L11. That people make different choices about how to save and spend money. L12. About the difference between needs and wants; that sometimes people may not always be able to have the things they want. (Resilience) L13. That money needs to be looked after; different ways of doing this. L15. That jobs help people to earn money to	H4. About why sleep is important and different ways to rest and relax. H6. That medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations and those that support allergic reactions) can help people to stay healthy. H7. About dental care and visiting the dentist; how to brush teeth correctly; food and drink that support dental health. H16. About ways of sharing feelings, a range of words to describe feelings. (Kindness & Resilience) H17. About things that help people feel good (e.g. playing outside,	H20. About change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with this; to recognise what helps people to feel better. (Open to new experiences & Resilience) H25. To name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vulva, vagina, penis, testicles). H26. About growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change. H27. About preparing to move to a new class/year group. (Open to new experiences & Resilience)	H29. To recognise risk in simple everyday situations and what action to take to minimise harm. (Resilience) H30. About how to keep safe at home (including around electrical appliances) and fire safety (e.g. not playing with matches and lighters). H31. That house hold products (including medicines) can be harmful if not used correctly. H32. Ways to keep safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments (e.g. beach, shopping centre, park, swimming pool, on the street) and how to cross the road safely. (Success)
	R19. Basic techniques				pay for things.	doing things they enjoy, spending		whose job it is to help keep us safe.

for resisting pressure		time with family,	(Community spirit)
to do something they		getting enough	
don't want to do and		sleep).	H34. Basic rules to
which may make them			keep safe online,
unsafe.		H18. Different	including what is
		things they can do	meant by personal
R20. What to do if		to manage big	information and what
they feel unsafe or		feelings, to help	should be kept
worried for		calm themselves	private; the
themselves or others;		down and/or	importance of telling a
who to ask for help		change their mood	trusted adult if they
and vocabulary to use		when they don't	come across
when asking for help;		feel good.	something that scares
importance of keeping			them.
trying until they are		H19. To recognise	
heard.		when they need	H35. About what to do
(Success & Resilience)		help with feelings;	if there is an accident
		that it is important	and someone is hurt.
		to ask for help with	(Resilience & Success)
		feelings; and how to	
		ask for it.	H36. How to get help
			in an emergency (how
		H20. About change	to dial 999 and what
		and loss (including	to say).
		death); to identify	
		feelings associated	H37. About things that
		with this; to	people can put into
		recognise what	their body or on their
		helps people to feel	skin; how these can
		better.	affect how people
		(Open to new	feel.
		experiences &	
		Resilience)	

Autumn Term: Relationships			Spring Term: Living in the wider world			Summer Term: Health and Well Being		
Families and friendships Safe relationships Respecting ourselves and others		Belonging to a community	Media literacy and digital resilience	Money and work	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	Growing and changing	Keeping safe	

What makes a family; features of family life	Personal boundaries; safely responding to others; the impact of hurtful behaviour	Recognising respectful behaviour; the importance of self-respect; courtesy and being polite	The value of rules and laws; rights, freedoms and responsibilities	How the internet is used; assessing information online	Different jobs and skills; job stereotypes; setting personal goals	Health choices and habits; what affects feelings; expressing feelings	Personal strengths and achievements; managing and reframing setbacks	Risks and hazards; safety in the local environment and unfamiliar places
R1. To recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships). R6. That a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another. (Kindness) R7. To recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure (including single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster parents); that families of all types can give family members love, security and stability (Community spirit) R8. To recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty.	R19. About the impact of bullying, including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour. (Kindness) R22. About privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including online). R24. How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts including online) whom they do not know. (Resilience) R30. That personal behaviour can affect other people; to recognise and model respectful behaviour online.	R30. That personal behaviour can affect other people; to recognise and model respectful behaviour online. (Kindness) R31. to recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships. (Kindness & Success)	L1. To recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws. L2. To recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone. (Community spirit) L3. About the relationship between rights and responsibilities.	L11. Recognise ways in which the internet and social media can be used both positively and negatively. L12. How to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results. (Success & Resilience)	L25. To recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes. (Success) L26. That there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life. (Community spirit & Success) L27. About stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them. (Resilience) L30. About some of the skills that will help them in their future careers e.g. teamwork,	H1. How to make informed decisions about health. (Success) H2. About the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle. H3. About choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these. H4. How to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle. H5. About what good physical health means, how to recognise early signs of physical illness. (Resilience) H6. About what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a	H27. To recognise their individuality and personal qualities (Success) H28. To identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of selfworth. (Success) H29. About how to manage setbacks/perceive d failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking. (Resilience)	H38. How to predict, assess and manage risk in different situations. (Success) H39. About hazards (including fire risks) that may cause harm, injury or risk in the home and what they can do reduce risks and keep safe. H41. Strategies for keeping safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places (rail, water, road) and firework safety; safe use of digital devices when out and about.

R9. How to recognise if	communication	healthy diet including	
family relationships are	and negotiation.	obesity and tooth	
making them feel	(Success)	decay.	
unhappy or unsafe and	' '	,	
how to seek help or		H7. How regular	
advice.		(daily/weekly)	
(Resilience)		exercise benefits	
		mental and physical	
		health (e.g. walking or	
		cycling to school, daily	
		active mile); recognise	
		opportunities to be	
		physically active and	
		some of the risks	
		associated with an	
		inactive lifestyle.	
		(Success)	
		(**************************************	
		H17. To recognise that	
		feelings can change	
		over time and range in	
		intensity.	
		H18. About everyday	
		things that affect	
		feelings and the	
		importance of	
		expressing feelings.	
		and a second	
		H19. A varied	
		vocabulary to use	
		when talking about	
		feelings; about how to	
		express feelings in	
		different ways. (Res)	

Autumn Term: Relationships			Spring Term	: Living in the w	rider world	Summer Term: Health and Well Bei		
Families and friendships	Safe relationships	Respecting ourselves and others	Belonging to a community	Media literacy and digital	Money and work	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	Growing and changing	Keeping safe
		and others	community	resilience		Wientar Wendering	changing	30,0

Positive friendships, including online	Responding to hurtful behaviour; managing confidentiality; recognising risks online	Respecting differences and similarities; discussing difference sensitively	What makes a community; shared responsibilities	How data is shared and used	Making decisions about money; using and keeping money safe	Maintaining a balanced lifestyle; oral hygiene and dental care	Physical and emotional changes in puberty; external genitalia; personal hygiene routines; support with puberty	Medicines and household products; drugs common to everyday life
R10. About the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing. (Kindness) R11. What constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships. R12. To recognise what it means to 'know someone online' and how this differs from knowing someone face-to-face; risks of communicating online with others not known face-to-face.	R20. Strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others); how to report concerns and get support. (Resilience & Success) R23. About why someone may behave differently online, including pretending to be someone they are not; strategies for recognising risks, harmful content and contact; how to report concerns. R27. About keeping something confidential or secret, when this	R32. About respecting the differences and similarities between people and recognising what they have in common with others e.g. physically, in personality or background. (Community spirit & Kindness) R33. To listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own. (Community spirit)	L4. The importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others. (Community spirit & Kindness) L6. About the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means. (Community spirit) L7. To value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community. (Community spirit)	L13. About some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes. (Success) L14. About how information on the internet is ranked, selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information.	L17. About the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about this. L19. That people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fair trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity). (Community spirit) L20. To recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants. (Resilience) L21. Different ways to keep track of money. (Success).	H2. About the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle. (Success) H5. About what good physical health means, how to recognise early signs of physical illness. (Resilience) H11. How to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing); why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and fruit teas; the effects of smoking). (Success)	H30. To identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction. H31. About the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams). H32. About how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the importance of	H10. How medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed. H38. How to predict, assess and manage risk in different situations. (Success) H40. About the importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely, (e.g. following instructions carefully). (Success) H46. About the risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, e-cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and
(Success) R13. The importance of	should (e.g. a birthday surprise that others will find						keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene.	medicines) and their impact on health; recognise that drug

seeking support if	out about) or should			(Success)	use can become a
feeling lonely or	not be agreed to,				habit which can be
excluded.	and when it is right			H34. About where	difficult to break.
(Resilience)	to break a			to get more	
	confidence or share			information, help	(Resilience).
R18. To recognise if a	a secret.			and advice about	
friendship (online or				growing and	
offline) is making them	R28. How to			changing,	
feel unsafe or	recognise pressure			especially about	
uncomfortable; how to	from others to do			puberty.	
manage. This and ask for	something unsafe or			(Resilience)	
support if necessary.	that makes them				
	feel uncomfortable				
	and strategies for				
	managing this.				
	(Resilience)				